

Meta-learning on Heterogeneous Information Networks for Cold-start Recommendation

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- Motivation
- MetaHIN
- Experiments
- Conclusions







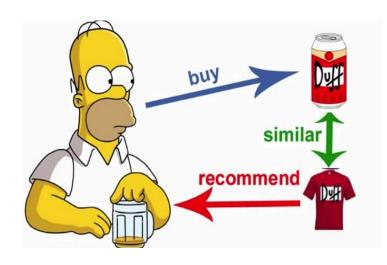
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Cold-start Recommendation









Recommender System

- collaborative filtering
- content-based filtering
- **...**

What about a new user or a new item?

Cold-start Problem

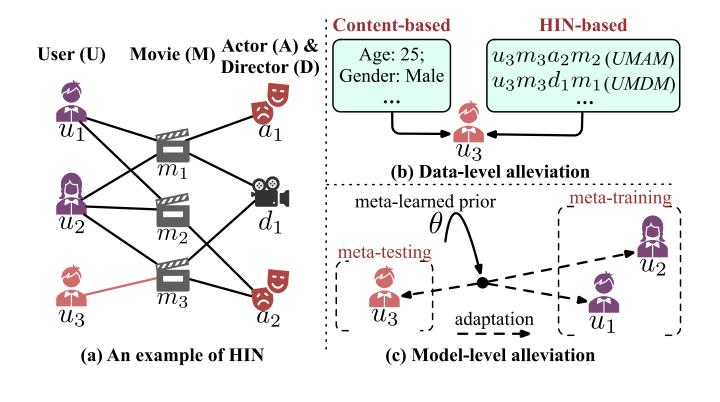
- New users or new items
- The interaction data is very sparse



Existing Methods







Existing alleviations

- Data level
 - Content-based
 - HIN-based
- Model level
 - Meta-learning



Our Idea





Address the cold-start problem at both data and model levels?

Exploit the power of both meta-learning at the model level and HINs at the data level

NON-TRIVIAL!



Challenges





C1: How to model HINs in the meta-learning setting?

Existing methods model HINs under traditional supervised or unsupervised learning settings

C2: How to model the general knowledge across tasks?

- Previous work: Only adapt to new tasks (e.g., new users) from a globally shared prior
- Our work: there exist multifaceted semantics brought by HINs







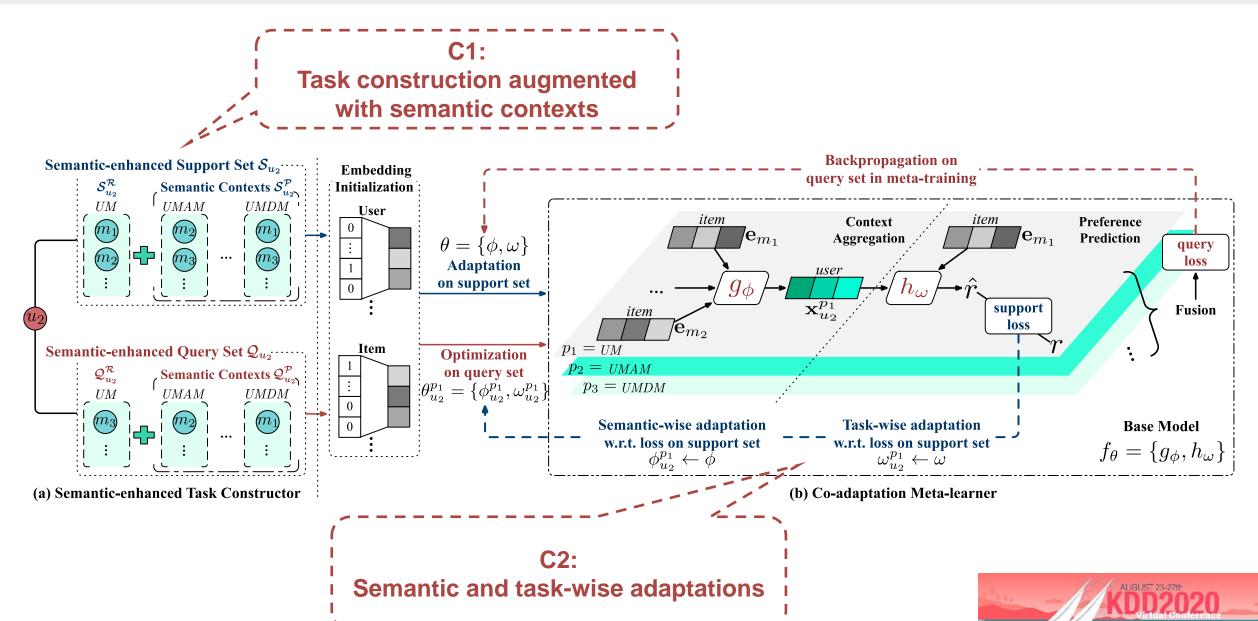
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Overall Framework of MetaHIN



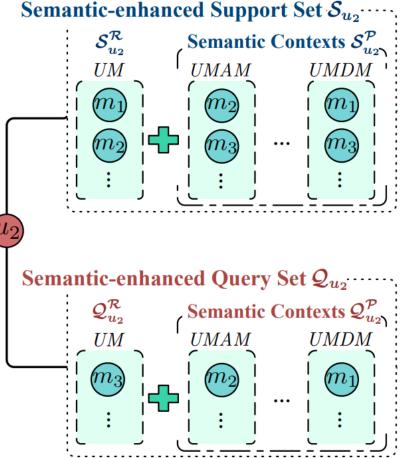




Semantic-enhanced Task Constructor 少少京都電大學







Support set of
$$u$$
 $S_u = (S_u^{\mathcal{R}}, S_u^{\mathcal{P}})$ rated items semantically related items meta-path reachable items

$$S_u^{\mathcal{P}} = (S_u^{p_1}, S_u^{p_2}, \dots, S_u^{p_n})$$

$$S_u^p = \bigcup_{i \in S_u^{\mathcal{R}}} C_{u,i}^p$$

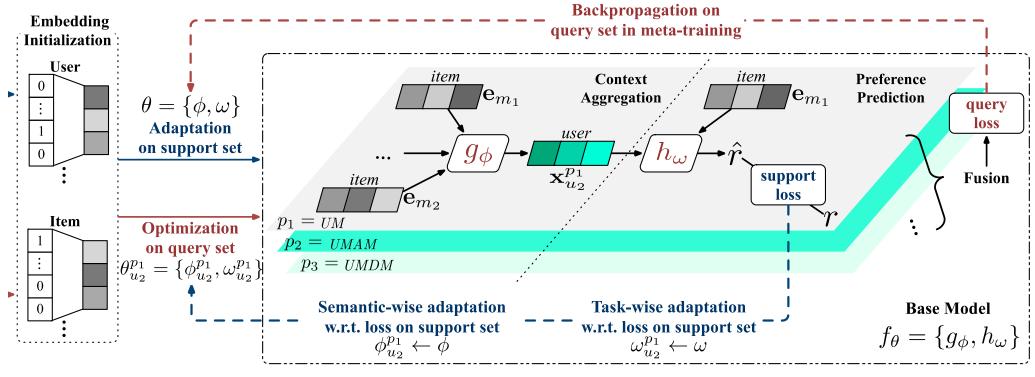
$$C_{u,i}^p = \{j : j \in \text{ items reachable} \}$$
along p starting from $u-i$



Co-adaptation Meta-learner







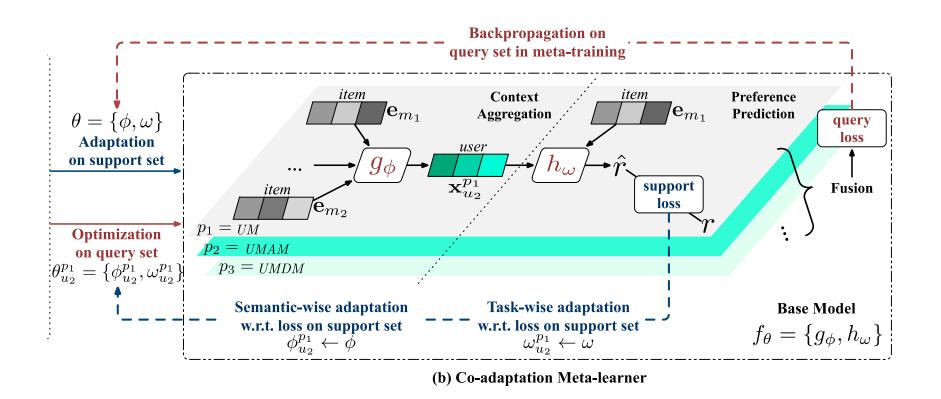
- (b) Co-adaptation Meta-learner
- **Base Model** $f_{\theta} = (g_{\phi}, h_{\omega})$ parameterized by $\theta = \{\phi, \omega\}$
- $\mathbf{x}_u = g_{\phi}(u, C_u) = \sigma(\text{MEAN}(\{\mathbf{W}e_j + \mathbf{b}: j \in C_u\}))$
- $\hat{r}_{ui} = h_{\omega}(\mathbf{x}_u, \mathbf{e}_i) = \text{MLP}(\mathbf{x}_u \oplus \mathbf{e}_i)$



Co-adaptation Meta-learner







- semantic-wise adaptation $\phi_u^p = \phi \alpha \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{T}_u}(\omega, \mathbf{x}_u^p, \mathcal{S}_u^{\mathcal{R}})}{\partial \phi}$
- **task-wise adaptation** $\omega_u^p = \omega^p \beta \; \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{T}_u}(\omega^p, \mathbf{x}_u^{p\langle \dot{\mathcal{S}} \rangle}, \mathcal{S}_u^{\mathcal{R}})}{\partial \omega^p}$

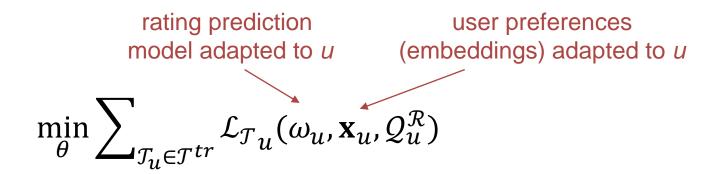


Optimization





• Objective function to optimize global prior $\theta = \{\phi, \omega\}$



where

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{T}u}\big(\omega_u,\mathbf{x}_u,\mathcal{Q}_u^{\mathcal{R}}\big) = \sum\nolimits_{i \in O_u^R} (r_{ui} - \hat{r}_{ui})^2$$







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Experiments





- How does MetaHIN perform compared to state-of-the-art approaches?
- How does MetaHIN benefit from the multifaceted semantic contexts and co-adaptation meta-learner?
- How is MetaHIN impacted by its hyper-parameters?



Setup





Datasets

- Dbook: #node: 42,070, #edge: 839,465
- MovieLens: #node: 20,137, #edge: 1,019,817
- Yelp: #node: 86,874, #edge: 1,429,218

▶ 3+1 scenarios

- Three cold-start scenarios:
 - (UC) User Cold-start, i.e., recommendation of existing items for new users;
 - (IC) Item Cold-start, i.e., recommendation of new items for existing users;
 - (UIC) User-Item Cold-start, i.e., recommendation of new items for new users
- One traditional scenario
 - recommendation of existing items for existing users



Performance Comparison (RQ1)





Table 2: Experimental results in four recommendation scenarios and on three datasets. A smaller MAE or RMSE value, and a larger nDCG@5 value indicate a better performance. The best method is bolded, and second best is underlined.

Scenario	Model	DBook			MovieLens			Yelp		
		MAE ↓	RMSE ↓	nDCG@5↑	MAE ↓	RMSE ↓	nDCG@5↑	MAE ↓	RMSE↓	nDCG@5↑
	FM	0.7027	0.9158	0.8032	1.0421	1.3236	0.7303	0.9581	1.2177	0.8075
	NeuMF	0.6541	0.8058	0.8225	0.8569	1.0508	0.7708	0.9413	1.1546	0.7689
	GC-MC	0.9061	0.9767	0.7821	1.1513	1.3742	0.7213	0.9321	1.1104	0.8034
Existing items	mp2vec	0.6669	0.8391	0.8144	0.8793	1.0968	0.8233	0.8972	1.1613	0.8235
for new users	HERec	0.6518	0.8192	0.8233	0.8691	0.9916	0.8389	0.8894	1.0998	0.8265
(User Cold-start or UC)	DropoutNet	0.8311	0.9016	0.8114	0.9291	1.1721	0.7705	0.8557	1.0369	0.7959
	MeteEmb	0.6782	0.8553	0.8527	0.8261	1.0308	0.7795	0.8988	1.0496	0.7875
	MeLU	0.6353	0.7733	<u>0.8793</u>	0.8104	<u>0.9756</u>	0.8415	0.8341	1.0017	0.8275
	MetaHIN	0.6019	0.7261	0.8893	0.7869	0.9593	0.8492	0.7915	0.9445	0.8385
New items for existing users (Item Cold-start or IC)	FM	0.7186	0.9211	0.8342	1.3488	1.8503	0.7218	0.8293	1.1032	0.8122
	NeuMF	0.7063	0.8188	0.7396	0.9822	1.2042	0.6063	0.9273	1.1009	0.7722
	GC-MC	0.9081	0.9702	0.7634	1.0433	1.2753	0.7062	0.8998	1.1043	0.8023
	mp2vec	0.7371	0.9294	0.8231	1.0615	1.3004	0.6367	0.7979	1.0304	0.8337
	HERec	0.7481	0.9412	0.7827	0.9959	1.1782	0.7312	0.8107	1.0476	0.8291
	DropoutNet	0.7122	0.8021	0.8229	0.9604	1.1755	0.7547	0.8116	1.0301	0.7943
	MeteEmb	0.6741	0.7993	0.8537	0.9084	1.0874	0.8133	0.8055	0.9407	0.8092
	MeLU	0.6518	0.7738	0.8882	0.9196	1.0941	0.8041	0.7567	<u>0.9169</u>	0.8451
	MetaHIN	0.6252	0.7469	0.8902	0.8675	1.0462	0.8341	0.7174	0.8696	0.8551
	FM	0.8326	0.9587	0.8201	1.3001	1.7351	0.7015	0.8363	1.1176	0.8278
	NeuMF	0.6949	0.8217	0.8566	0.9686	1.2832	0.8063	0.9860	1.1402	0.7836
	GC-MC	0.7813	0.8908	0.8003	1.0295	1.2635	0.7302	0.8894	1.1109	0.7923
New items	mp2vec	0.7987	1.0135	0.8527	1.0548	1.2895	0.6687	0.8381	1.0993	0.8137
for new users	HERec	0.7859	0.9813	0.8545	0.9974	1.1012	0.7389	0.8274	0.9887	0.8034
(User-Item Cold-start	DropoutNet	0.8316	0.8489	0.8012	0.9635	1.1791	0.7617	0.8225	0.9736	0.8059
or UIC)	MeteEmb	0.7733	0.9901	0.8541	0.9122	1.1088	0.8087	0.8285	0.9476	0.8188
	MeLU	0.6517	0.7752	0.8891	0.9091	1.0792	0.8106	0.7358	0.8921	0.8452
	MetaHIN	0.6318	0.7589	0.8934	0.8586	1.0286	0.8374	0.7195	0.8695	0.8521
	FM	0.7358	0.9763	0.8086	1.0043	1.1628	0.6493	0.8642	1.0655	0.7986
	NeuMF	0.6904	0.8373	0.7924	0.9249	1.1388	0.7335	0.7611	0.9731	0.8069
	GC-MC	0.8056	0.9249	0.8032	0.9863	1.2238	0.7147	0.8518	1.0327	0.8023
Existing items	mp2vec	0.6897	0.8471	0.8342	0.8788	1.1006	0.7091	0.7924	1.0191	0.8005
for existing users	HERec	0.6794	0.8409	0.8411	0.8652	1.0007	0.7182	0.7911	0.9897	0.8101
(Non-cold-start)	DropoutNet	0.7108	0.7991	0.8268	0.9595	1.1731	0.7231	0.8219	1.0333	0.7394
	MeteEmb	0.7095	0.8218	0.7967	0.8086	1.0149	0.8077	0.7677	0.9789	0.7740
	MeLU	0.6519	0.7834	0.8697	0.8084	0.9978	0.8433	0.7382	0.9028	0.8356
	MetaHIN	0.6393	0.7704	0.8859	0.7997	0.9491	0.8499	0.6952	0.8445	0.8477

w.r.t. MAE

Dbook:

3.05-5.26%

MovieLens:

2.89-5.55%

Dbook:

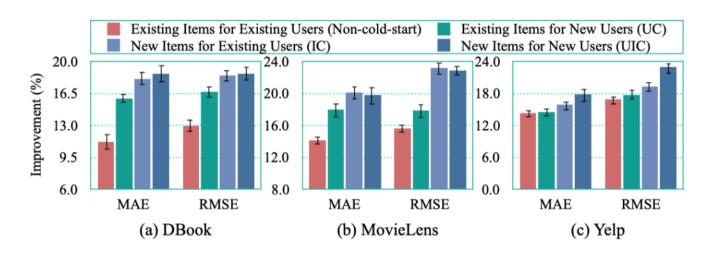
2.22-5.19%



Performance Comparison (RQ1)







improvement

non-cold-start < UC ~ IC < UIC

Figure 3: Performance improvement of MetaHIN.

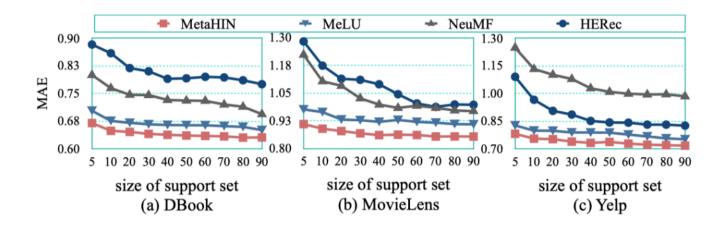


Figure 4: Impact of the size of support sets in UIC scenario.

support set

the larger the set, the better the performance;

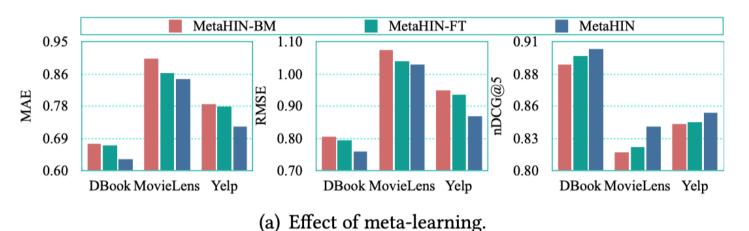
MetaHIN is robust to set size.



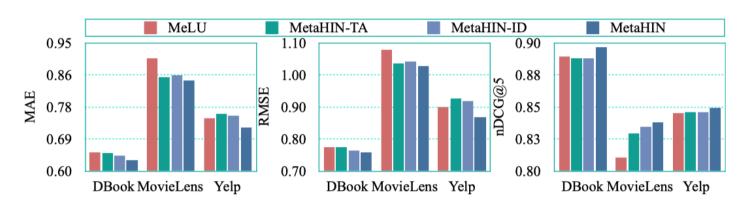
Model Analysis (RQ2)







- MetaHIN-BM base model without meta-learning
- MetaHIN-FT
 fine-tune the base model



(b) Effect of semantic contexts and co-adaptation.

- MetaHIN-TA only task-wise adaptation
 - MetaHIN-ID independently adopts task-wise adaptation



Parameter Analysis (RQ3)



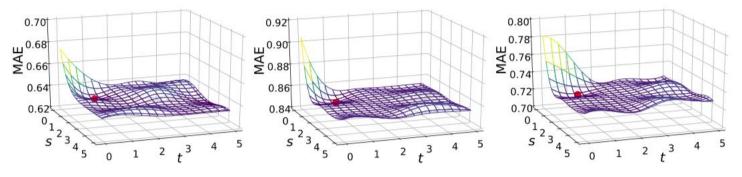


Number of Co-adaptations

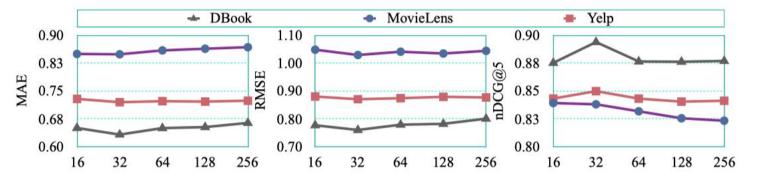
s and t are the number of semantic- and task-wise adaption step



d is the dimensions of user embeddings



(a) Impact of semantic-wise (s) and task-wise adaptation steps (t).



(b) Impact of user embedding dimensions.







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Conclusions





- MetaHIN alleviates the cold-start problem at both data and model levels.
- A semantic-enhanced task constructor to explore rich semantics on HINs in the meta-learning setting.
- A co-adaptation meta-learner with semantic- and task-wise adaptions to cope with different semantic facets within each task.
- Extensive experiments on three datasets.







Thank you! Q&A

More materials in http://shichuan.org http://www.yfang.site

https://yuanfulu.github.io



